The Pyongyang Times

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The platform party of the Fifth Congress of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea held in the presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader

Fifth Congress of General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea Held in the Presence of Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader

The Fifth Congress of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea was held in Pyongyang from December 10 to 15. Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Workers' Party of Korea and the entire Korean people, attended the Congress.

On the platform of the assembly hall was respectfully placed a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, the founder and Leader of the GFTUK, who has steadfastly led our people along the one road of victory and glory, happiness and prosperity.

Present at the Congress were the delegates from all provinces and cities under the central authority.

Attending it as observers were the responsible functionaries of the Party and Government organs and the working people's organizations, functionaries active in the domains of science, education, culture and art, men of the press and the labour innovators in various branches of the national economy.

Invited to the Congress were the members of the south Korean workers' delegation and of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan.

At 9 a.m. on December 10 **the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, mounted the platform to the loud strains of welcome music.**

The entire attendants of the Congress rose from their seats all at once and enthusiastically welcomed the fatherly Leader with the ringing cheers of "Long live the Great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and with prolonged, thunderous applause, and offered him the highest honour and warmest gratitude.

Amidst the prolonged cheers of *manse* (hurrah) and applause the woman delegates presented to the Leader a basket of fragrant flowers carrying the unbounded allegiance and adoration of the attendants of the Congress and the entire working class of our country.

The members of the south Korean workers' delegation and of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan respectively presented with all best wishes to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the entire Korean people, the silk banners symbolic of the unanimous feelings of allegiance and reverence of the south Korean working class and 600,000 Koreans in Japan towards him.

Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, O Jin U, Kim Jung Rin, Yang Hyong Sop and responsible functionaries of the Party and Government organs and the working people's organizations mounted the platform.

Comrade Kim Gi Jun, head of south Korean workers' delegation, Comrade Chon Yong Tae, its member, and the members of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan headed by Comrade Kang Sung Su, Chairman of the Society of Koreans in Japan for Correspondence Education, also took seats on the platform.

Comrade Ryom Tae Jun, Chairman of the GFTUK Central Committee, made an opening address and this was followed by the election of the presidium.

The entire attendants rose to their feet and **elected Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, to the presidium** with deafening cheers of *manse* and thunderous applause.

Comrade Kim Il read out **the congratulatory message of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea to the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK.**

The following agenda of the Congress was approved:

1. On the result of the work of the GFTUK Central Committee;

2. On the result of the work of the GFTUK Central Auditing Commission;

3. On the elections of the central leading bodies of the GFTUK.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, gave the Congress a programmatic teaching elucidating clearly the character and duty of the trade unions under socialism and the militant tasks to be carried out by the trade unions and the working class in the struggle for revolutionizing and working-classizing the whole society and carrying into effect the grand programme put forward by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea so as to bring earlier the complete victory of socialism and the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause of national reunification.

The programmatic teaching given by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, moved the attendants of the Congress immeasurably and greatly encouraged them to a fresh victory.

No sooner had the Leader wound up his speech than the entire attendants rose from their seats all at once and sent up stormy cheers of "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader!" and prolonged, thunderous applause as a token of their warm thanks to the sagacious Leader and of their adamant determination to carry his programmatic teaching through to the end to live up with loyalty to his deep trust and expectation.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, posed

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, receives the delegation of the USSR Supreme Soviet

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Delegation of USSR Supreme Soviet

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on December 8 the delegation of the USSR Supreme Soviet on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Comrade SH. R. Rashidov, Deputy to the Soviet of Nationalities of the USSR, Member of the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Uzbekistan Communist Party.

Also present there were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop, Alternate Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Member of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; and Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

N.G. Sudarikov, Soviet Ambassador to our country, was also on hand.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, had a friendly conversation with the guests.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Replies to Letters and Telegrams He Received on 26th Birthday of WPK

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent letters and telegrams to many fraternal Parties and ruling parties in newly independent countries and to the leaders of the governments, revolutionary organizations and friendship associations of various countries in reply to the congratulatory telegrams and letters they had sent on the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

In his replies to the Parties of many countries he expressed his thanks for their sending telegrams of greetings on the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea and sincerely wished that the relations of friendship and cooperation between our Party and those Parties would further strengthen and develop through the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. joint struggle and that they would achieve fresh successes in their struggle for the consolidation of the national independence and the liberation and independence of the country.

In his replies to the leaders of the governments, revolutionary organizations and friendship associations of various countries the Leader thanked them for their sending letters and telegrams of congratulations on the 26th birthday of our Party and sincerely wished them fresh successes in their work for courageously smashing the incessant aggressive acts of the imperialists and colonialists, firmly defending the national independence and attaining the liberation of their countries and social progress.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Charge d'Affaires ad Interim of Embassy of United Republic of Tanzania in Pyongyang

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on December 8 Dorah N.J. Danieli, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the United Republic of Tanzania in Pyongyang, who paid a courtesy call on him.

Present on the occasion was Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, had a friendly conversation with the guest.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader, Receives Representative of Palestinian Liberation Organization in Our Country

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, Head of State and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on December 8 Hamdi Mahmoud, Representative of the Palestinian Liberation Organization in our country, and his wife. The representative paid a farewell visit prior to his return after completing his mission in our country.

Present on the occasion was Ho Dam, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, had a friendly conversation with the guests.

TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Comrade **Mao Tsetung**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and Comrade **Chou En-lai**, Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of another successful nuclear test conducted in China.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Suleiman Franjieh**, President of the Republic of Lebanon, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the national holiday of Lebanon.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Salvador Allende**, President of the Republic of Chile, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the occasion of the first anniversary of the establishment of the Government of Popular Unity of Chile.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from Prince **Souphanouvong**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Lao Patriotic Front, in reply to his message of

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Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, receives delegates to the Fifth Congress of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea

Comrade KIM IL SUNG, the Respected and Beloved Leader,

Sees Revolutionary Opera "A True Daughter of the Party"

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, saw "A True Daughter of the Party," a revolutionary opera staged by the Korean People's Army Song and Dance Ensemble at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre on the evening of December 11.

Seeing the performance together with working people in the city and People's Armymen were Comrades Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Choe Hyon, O Jin U, Kim Man Gum, O Tae Bong and Choe Yong Jin; and Paek Nam Un, Chairman of the Supreme People's Assembly; Pak Yong Sun, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Department Directors of the Central Committee of the Party; Ministers of the Cabinet; responsible functionaries of working people's organizations; generals of the Korean People's Army and other functionaries of ministries and central organs.

The faces of the artistes of the KPA Song and Dance Ensemble who had the honour of performing in the presence of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and the entire audience were expressive of their unbounded emotion and joy.

When Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, appeared on the box, all the spectators rose to their feet and enthusiastically welcomed the fatherly Leader with loud cheers of "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader!" and stormy applause shaking the hall.

The revolutionary opera "A True Daughter of the Party" is a work depicting the heroic struggle of a girl soldier of the People's Army and her comrades-in-arms who performed undying feats in the struggle to defend the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the gains of the revolution, upholding the order of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Supreme Commander and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, during the great Fatherland Liberation War.

It deeply impressed the audience and won their high acclamation for its high ideological and artistic level.

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greetings sent on the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the independence of Laos.

✦ Premier Kim Il Sung of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a message of greetings to Comrade Willi Stoph on his reelection as Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the German Democratic Republic.

✦ Premier Kim Il Sung of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a message of greetings to Julius K. Nyerere, President of the United Republic of Tanzania, on the occasion of the 10th anniversary of the independence of Tanganyika.

✦ Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a message of greetings to Agostinho Neto, Chairman of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement, on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the founding of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement.

✦ Premier Kim Il Sung of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a message of greetings to Sangoule Lamizana, President of the Republic of Upper Volta, on the occasion of the 13th anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Upper Volta.

✦ Premier Kim Il Sung of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a message of greetings to Jomo Kenyatta, President of the Republic of Kenya, on the occasion of the day of independence of Kenya and the proclamation of the Republic.

Report on the Work of the Central Committee Made at the Fifth Congress of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea

by Comrade Ryom Tae Jun, Chairman of the GFTUK Central Committee

(Detailed Summary)

Comrade Ryom Tae Jun, Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, delivered a report on the work of the Central Committee at the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK.

Beginning his report, the reporter stressed: Today we have the honour of holding the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK in the presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people and the benevolent father of our working class and trade union members, and under his personal guidance.

The Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea held last year was a historic event which marked a new milestone in the development of our Party and in the accomplishment of the revolutionary cause of our working class and people, the reporter said, and continued:

In his report to the Fifth Congress of the Party, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, profoundly analysed and summed up the brilliant victories and exploits made by our Party and people in the past period under the revolutionary banner of the immortal *Juche* idea and unrolled a new grandiose programme for hastening the complete victory of socialism and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution.

The report made by the respected and beloved Leader at the historic Fifth Congress of the Party is a great textbook of revolution which gives a comprehensive theoretical and practical exposition of all questions of principle arising in accomplishing the revolutionary cause of the working class; it serves as an immortal torch brightly illumining the road to the victory of the Korean revolution.

The report delivered by the great Leader is an immortal classic document in which the Marxist-Leninist *Juche* idea, the revolutionary world outlook of our working class, is consummated; it is a brilliant revolutionary document in which the Marxist-Leninist theories on revolution and construction are comprehensively developed and newly systematized.

The development of the internal and external situation in the last one year has clearly testified to the correctness of the outstanding ideas, theories and policies put forward by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, at the Fifth Congress of our Party.

Saying that the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK would discuss the tasks of the GFTUK for thoroughly implementing the grandiose programme unrolled by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, at the Fifth Congress of the Party, the reporter pointed out:

This Congress will mark an epochal occasion in establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party more thoroughly among the trade union members, rallying them rock-firm around the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and energetically organizing and mobilizing our entire working class and trade union members to the struggle for the realization of the grandiose programme put forth by the Leader and further strengthening and developing the GFTUK.

In the first part of the report, he reviewed the work in the past three years after the Fourth Congress of the GFTUK.

The reporter went on to say:

During the period under review the GFTUK directed its main efforts to the work for carrying through the programmatic teachings of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, on developing the Chollima workteam movement further in depth.

The great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught:

"The Chollima movement is a manifestation of the great creative power of our people who are closely united around our Party, and an all-people movement for the maximum acceleration of socialist construction. As a mass movement of organically combining the collective innovation in economic and cultural construction with the education and remoulding of the working people, the Chollima movement became our Party's general line in socialist construction."

Comrade Kim Il Sung, a great Marxist-Leninist and genius of revolution, was the first to rightly elucidate the lawful process of socialist and communist construction and put forth a most scientific proposition that the two fortresses—the ideological and the material fortress—should be occupied for socialist and communist construction.

By propounding these idea and theory, the Leader enabled our working class to advance along the most correct path of socialist and communist construction.

The Chollima workteam movement is a movement for leading our working people to advance along this very path.

The Leader assigned the GFTUK to the task of energetically pushing ahead with the Chollima workteam movement. This is based on his original idea on the role of the trade unions under socialism.

Recalling that the Leader once again comprehensively explicated the basic purpose and the central task of the Chollima workteam movement and the ways for its implementation at the Second National Meeting of Frontrankers in the Chollima Workteam Movement held in May 1968, the reporter continued:

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught:

"The central task of the Chollima workteam movement is firstly to do work well with men, secondly to do work well with equipment and materials and thirdly to do work well with books.... To do these three kinds of work well, in other words, to carry out well the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions is precisely the basic task of the Chollima workteam movement."

The reporter referred in detail to the successes and experiences gained by the GFTUK during the period under review in bringing up the working class and the Chollima riders into communist builders with a high political and ideological level and technical and cultural level by conducting well work with books.

The GFTUK, to live up to the teachings of the Leader on doing well work with books, established the revolutionary habit of studying within the trade unions and energetically unfolded a movement for making all trade union members read books for more than two hours every day, the reporter pointed out, and continued:

The GFTUK saw to it that its members and Chollima riders studied comprehensively and systematically the immortal brilliant works of the Leader and his teachings and vigorously conducted a trade-union-wide movement for mastering the report delivered by the Leader at the Fifth Congress of the Party and the "Brief History of the Revolutionary Activities of Comrade Kim Il Sung."

Through work with books the political and ideological level of the working class and trade union members was raised remarkably and the unitary ideological system of the Party firmly established in the whole trade unions during the period under review.

As work with books was well done, the technical and cultural

standards of our working class were raised more rapidly and today the number of engineers, assistant engineers and specialists in the field of industry alone has reached over 320,000, the reporter noted.

The reporter referred to the successes and experiences gained by the GFTUK during the period under review in pushing ahead with the ideological revolution and educating and remoulding the working people along communist lines by intensifying work with people.

The collectivist tone of work, as seen in placing the interests of the collective and organization above the personal interests and jointly struggling for the prosperity and development of the socialist fatherland, helping each other and pulling each other along, has been firmly established among our working class and trade union members, the reporter said, and continued:

The policy of our Party on educating and remoulding the working people through the Chollima workteam movement has become thorough work of the masses themselves. Work of educating and remoulding people, closely combined with socialist economic and cultural construction, is displaying still greater vitality.

This is a priceless success which cannot be exchanged even for gold and this shows the trait of the revolutionary Korean working class led by the great Leader of the revolution, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and the proud trait of the Korean working class which is vigorously advancing towards the bright morrow of communism, sweeping away the old ideas and outdated mode of life.

As a result, our working class has been built up as a big Red family which is vigorously fighting for socialist and communist construction, closely united around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and the political and ideological unity of the entire people has been consolidated as never before.

Referring to the great successes and experiences gained by the GFTUK in the struggle for promoting the technical revolution of the country by doing better work with equipment and materials during the period under review, the reporter pointed out:

During the years we are reviewing, our working class and Chollima riders advanced 204,000 technical innovation proposals and introduced them into production, thus greatly contributing to the technical progress of the national economy.

The working class and the trade union members of the Chollima Huichon Machine Tool Plant, boundlessly encouraged by the personal guidance and profound solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, automated the production processes and reshaped the organization of production, holding aloft the torch of new technical innovation. In this course they worked another world-startling miracle by manufacturing 1,000 machine tools a month instead of 200-300 machine tools in the past and thus surpassing the level of producing over 10,000 machine tools annually.

Following the example of the working class of Huichon, the workers of the Kusong Machine Tool Plant and the Mangyongdae Machine Tool Factory have brought about great changes and a new mass technical innovation drive has swept a large number of factories and enterprises of the country and is going full steam ahead.

Our working class turned out an 8-metre turning lathe, 3,000 ton press, lorries and tractors and bulldozers and other modern machines and equipment by boldly thinking and boldly practising at the time when the Chollima movement was afoot with full force. By making continued advance they manufactured a 6,000 ton press, 10-metre turning lathe, 15-metre hobbing machine, 5,000 ton class large-size ship, heavy-duty lorries and other monumental creatures of our era.

Today our working class is manufacturing without difficulty not only separate units of machines and equipment but also complete sets of machines and equipment for modern factories.

This demonstrates the might of our powerful engineering industry and shows the revolutionary stamina of our working class and the Chollima riders and their creative wisdom.

The GFTUK has actively organized the execution of the three cardinal tasks of the Chollima workteam movement given by the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and greatly contributed to the rapid progress of the ideological, technical and cultural revolutions and to the continuation of the great revolutionary upsurge on all fronts of socialist construction, the reporter stressed.

The Chollima workteam movement has gained in scope and depth in the midst of the great revolutionary upsurge of socialist construction and the ranks of Chollima riders, who represent the new creative might of the working people and are enthusiasts in socialist construction, have expanded rapidly.

During the period under review, the ranks of Chollima riders swelled 1.7 times, Chollima workteams 1.8 times, twice Chollima workteams 3.8 times, Chollima workshops 3 times, Chollima factories 2.5 times and the number of the units which won the prize of honour of Chollima grew 13 times. During the same period 69 labour heroes and more than 240,000 recipients of state decorations have been produced from among the workers in the industrial domain.

Under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, our heroic working class won a great victory: it creditably carried out in a short period of 14 years the difficult and complex task of industrialization which took capitalist countries a full century and even a few centuries.

By expanding the industrial output at a high annual rate of 19.1 per cent throughout the period of industrialization our working class clearly substantiated the great vitality and correctness of the economic theory of the Leader that the reserves for the growth of production are inexhaustible and economy can be developed continually at a high tempo under socialism and once again demonstrated the heroic stamina of the working class of Chollima Korea, infinitely faithful to the Leader, to the whole world.

Thanks to the realization of socialist industrialization and the great advance made in the defence upbuilding and cultural construction, our country has turned into a powerful, dignified and prospering socialist state with solid independent national economy, self-defence power and brilliant national culture and proudly ranked itself among the world's advanced countries.

The conversion of the country into a socialist industrial state is a great victory of the original line of socialist industrialization advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and a brilliant example in exploring for the first time in the world the untrodden path of building an independent modern industry in a backward colonial and dependent country.

During the period we are reviewing, the GFTUK has steadfastly carried on the Chollima workteam movement initiated by the Leader as its basic task and thus creditably performed its honourable duty as a mighty transmission belt of the Party, a reliable helper of the Party and a school for communist education.

All the successes and exploits made by the GFTUK and our working class are ascribable entirely to the wise leadership and paternal solicitude of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder of the GFTUK and the benevolent father of our working class.

I, expressing the unanimous fidelity of our entire working class and the trade union members, extend the highest honour and warmest thanks to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, who deeply trusts our working class as the leading class in the revolution in the whole course of the revolution and construction, constantly leads it to the heroic struggle and looks after our working class with warm paternal love, the reporter declared.

In the second part of his report, the reporter referred to the tasks of the GFTUK for implementing the grandiose programme set forth by the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Stressing that Comrade Kim Il Sung, genius of revolution and the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, in his report to the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea gave an overall exposition of the programmatic tasks for promoting the complete victory of socialism and the nation-wide victory of the revolution in our country, the reporter continued:

The Six-Year Plan adopted at the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea is an original programme of socialist economic construction reflecting the objective law of the development of the national economy in our country and the pressing demands of our revolution and construction.

The great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught:

"The basic task of the Six-Year Plan in the field of socialist economic construction is to further cement the material and technical foundations of socialism and free the working people from arduous labour in all fields of the national economy, by consolidating and carrying forward the successes gained in industrialization and advancing the technical revolution onto a new, higher plane."

The magnificent programme of the Six-Year Plan set forth by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, is a great goal of struggle for bringing earlier the complete victory of socialism after the realization of socialist industrialization and is a bright lighthouse illumining a most correct way of successfully capturing the material fortress of socialism and communism.

The most important and glorious revolutionary task set before our trade union members and working class for the materialization of the grandiose programme of socialist construction put forward by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea is to successfully carry out the three major tasks of the technical revolution.

The great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught:

"We should unfold an extensive technical innovation movement in industry and agriculture and all other branches of the national economy to narrow down the distinctions between heavy and light labour and between agricultural and industrial work to a considerable extent and free the women from the heavy burdens of household chores. These are precisely the three major tasks of the technical revolution we should fulfil in a few years ahead."

The technical revolution is an important component part of socialist and communist construction and sacred revolutionary task for finally freeing the working people delivered from exploitation and oppression even from arduous labour.

But the question—in what direction, and where to put emphasis, to push ahead with the technical revolution and how to free the people from arduous work once and for all under socialism, particularly after the realization of industrialization—had remained an urgent question awaiting solution in the theory of scientific communism and in the practices of the building of socialism and communism.

By expounding the original idea and line of carrying out the three major tasks of the technical revolution the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great thinker and theoretician and genius of revolution, gave for the first time correct answers to this urgent question raised by our times and clearly showed how to deliver the working people, now free from exploitation and oppression, not only from hard work in the realm of production but also from that in the sphere of family life and how to liquidate all distinctions in labour and carry out the tasks of emancipating humanity.

Indeed, the idea and line on the fulfilment of the three major tasks of the technical revolution expounded by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, further enriched the Marxist-Leninist theory on technical revolution and constitute his another brilliant contribution to the treasure-house of human thoughts; they clearly showed how to hasten the complete victory of socialism and the building of communism.

The three major tasks of the technical revolution correctly reflect the burning desire and aspiration of our people. They are associated with the grand conception and warm love of the fatherly Leader who intends to deliver our working people, now free from exploitation and oppression, even from arduous and heavy labour once and for all so that all our people can lead a more cultured and affluent life, while working easily and joyously.

The most important question for successfully carrying out all the three major tasks of the technical revolution is to direct efforts to the engineering industry and produce in large quantities various kinds of machines and rapidly increase the production of machine tools in particular, the reporter said. He pointed to tasks for this.

The reporter said:

Our Party defined the production of machine tools as the main link in carrying out the technical revolution. This is aimed at solving in a go-ahead way the whole chain of problems in carrying out the Six-Year Plan and the three major tasks of the technical revolution through concentration of efforts on it for a breakthrough.

Noting that to rapidly increase the production of lorries and tractors is an important guarantee for the successful fulfilment of the Six-Year Plan and the three major tasks of the technical revolution, the reporter laid stress on the necessity for increasing their production in a big way.

The reporter also stressed that in order to advance the technical revolution on to a higher plane, the trade union organizations should further expand and strengthen bases of modern electronic and automation industries.

To successfully carry out all the tasks arising in the fulfilment of the Six-Year Plan and the three major tasks of the technical revolution, a collective technical innovation movement should be energetically unfolded, the reporter emphasized.

Recalling that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the benevolent father of the entire Korean people, set forth at the Fifth Congress of the Party programmatic tasks for improving the life of the people systematically and evenly, the reporter put forth the tasks facing the trade union organizations for their implementation.

The most important task facing our working class and trade union members in further improving the livelihood of the people today is to develop the production of mass consumption goods on a large scale, the reporter noted, and said:

Great efforts should be continuously concentrated particularly on the development of the chemical industry to solve completely the problem of raw materials for fibre at home. Today the condition is different from that in

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To Rouse Kangson Workers to a Great Upsurge

The Chollima Kangson Steel Plant stands to the southwest of Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution. It is one of the metallurgical giants in our country.

This plant which Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, visited scores of times for on-the-spot guidance is widely known as the "birthplace of Chollima."

The socialist revolution and socialist construction in our country have advanced and are advancing at full speed through the grandiose Chollima movement.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught:

"The Chollima movement is a movement of communist education to train many people into active builders of socialism who make continuous advance and uninterrupted innovation and a communist onward movement to lead many people to display mass heroism for vigorous promotion of socialist construction."

The Chollima movement is a collective innovation movement of the working people. Chollima which reflects the national sentiments of our people is a legendary winged steed which could fly a thousand *ri* in one leap. Today it symbolizes the high speed of our socialist construction and the revolutionary grit of our people.

The Chollima movement, born of a great upswing in the revolution and construction after the war, developed into a great revolutionary movement which swept away everything backward and brought about uninterrupted innovations in all spheres of economic, cultural, ideological and moral life, into a movement for remaking nature and society and for educating and remoulding men in a communist way. Eventually, it became the general line of our Party in socialist construction.

It was at the Kangson Steel Plant that the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, enkindled the flame of this great movement for the first time.

The internal and external situation of our revolution and construction was very complex and difficult at the time when we were embarking upon the carrying out of the tremendous task for the first year of the Five-Year Plan.

The successful fulfilment of the plan called for vast funds, labour and materials. But all these things were lacking in our country in those days. Particularly the shortage of steel and rolled stock was felt still more keenly.

We had no choice but to tide over such a difficulty with our own strength, tapping all the inner reserves and resources.

Taking advantage of this difficult situation, the anti-Party, counter-revolutionary factionalists who had sneaked into the Party came out against the Party's policies openly and the south Korean puppet clique kicked up the "march north" racket in consonance with the "anti-communist" campaign of the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists.

Within the international communist movement, opportunism was causing ever greater harm.

It was around that time that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, went down to Kangson to meet the workers and bring home to them the decisions of the December 1956 Plenum of the Party Central Committee so as to cope with the difficult situation created in the country and drive forward the revolution and construction.

The Premier made a round of the workshops of the plant and had talks with its leading functionaries and workers, in which he minutely explained to them how to successfully carry out the first-year task of the Five-Year Plan.

Speaking in detail of the difficult situation facing the country, the Premier earnestly told them that the December 1956 Plenum called upon the steel makers of Kangson to produce quantities of rolled stock in excess of the plan, which were needed for the solution of knotty problems that arose in the development of the national economy.

He reminded them that they had restored this metallurgical giant for themselves after the cease-fire. He then asked them whether they were ready to smash the conservatives' advocacy of "rated capacity."

After having fully explained the internal and external situation of the country, the demand of our revolution and the decisions of the Party, Comrade Premier had this to say:

"...We trust only the working class, the main force of our revolution, and it is none other than you whom we can rely on. So, to win through the grave difficulties which cropped up before our Party, you should brace yourselves up and redouble your efforts to produce more and build better, and press ahead with the economic construction, shouldn't you?..."

These words of the Premier tightly gripped the hearts of the workers here. They deeply realized the reason why Comrade Premier had come down to meet them.

After a pause, Comrade Premier said he wanted to hear directly from the workers about how much reserves they had secured for production, adding that they were the masters in production. When he finished his words, smelters and rolling workers vied with each other to give a detailed account of what amount of reserves they had explored. Some smelters evinced their resolve, saying that their findings were still short of the mark and that they would try to find more reserves and live up to the high trust the Premier placed in them.

Stressing that the Party had now raised the slogan: "Maximum increased production and maximum economy," he inspired the workers of Kangson to stand in the van of the entire working people of the country in bringing about a new upsurge.

This is how he lit the torch of the Chollima march among the Kangson workers.

After Comrade Premier's visit, every workshop and every workteam of the plant blazed up the flames of innovation smashing conservatism and passivism.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, found himself among the working people in Songrim, Hungnam, Haeju, Pyongyang and many other places to spread the flames of a great upsurge in socialist construction.

The wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and the militant slogan put forward by him "Let us dash ahead in the saddle of Chollima!" inspired our working class to display a high degree of revolutionary zeal and creativity the kind of which was beyond imagination before. Thus miraculous innovations were effected in every part of the country.

Workers of the blooming workshop at the Kangson Steel Plant succeeded in producing 120,000 tons of billets with the existing equipment which, the conservatives said, had the "maximum capacity of 60,000 tons."

Innovations took place in all other fronts of socialist construction.

As a result, in 1957 the industrial output increased by 44 per cent. Agriculture, too, was very fruitful.

This is how the great Chollima movement, which brought about a great upsurge in socialist construction, was started at the instance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Even after that, the Leader visited the Kangson Steel Plant many times and encouraged the steel makers there to continually bear the brunt of the Chollima march, speaking highly of the strenuous struggle they fought upholding the Party's intention with their whole hearts.

In November 1969 when an intense struggle was going on throughout the country for the parallel building of the economy and defence, the respected and beloved Leader summoned functionaries of Kangson and roused them again to the creation of a new Chollima speed.

He stressed the necessity of scaling the height of steel in 1970, the last year of the Seven-Year Plan, and instructed them in concrete terms to bring into the fullest play the creative wisdom of the producers by conducting the political work better and improve the organization of production and supply service. Telling them about the rich experience he had gained in the guidance of day-to-day life of guerilla units during the anti-Japanese armed struggle, he said that they should standardize the management of the enterprise and create a new Chollima speed to attain the height of steel for 1970.

The factory's 1970 plan of steel production, the task given by the Party, was set nearly twice higher than the estimated results of 1969 and envisaged an annual increase of nearly 100 per cent. It was hardly thinkable to carry out such a huge plan with the existing equipment and labour. However, the steel makers of Kangson was determined to fulfil it without fail if it was called for by the Party and the revolution, and launched a vigorous struggle.

They created a world-startling miracle in steel production in the beginning of 1970 and carried out the yearly plan three months ahead of schedule, as they pledged to the respected and beloved Premier. Thus, they lived up to his trust.

Workers of the blooming shop who had stood in the van of the struggle against conservatism and raised the production capacity twice over the rated capacity ten-odd years ago, now reconditioned the blooming equipment and boosted its capacity ten times.

In this course, the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, was created in Kangson, the "birthplace of Chollima."

Following the example of the Kangson workers, the entire people forged ahead at the "Kangson speed," a new Chollima speed, bringing about a new turn and leap in all branches of the national economy and scaled the high peak of the Seven-Year Plan in honour of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea, the motherly Party.

The workers of Kangson whom the Leader placed so high a trust in and who remain infinitely loyal to him are unfolding a fierce struggle for higher output, resolved to fulfil the first two-year assignments of the Six-Year Plan by April 15 next year.

Kim Su Yon

Workers of the steel shop of the Chollima Kangson Steel Plant are increasing steel production to carry out the programmatic tasks advanced by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, in his report to the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea

(Continued from Page 2)

those days when the local industry was founded. Prime attention should be directed to firmly building up the bases for the production of raw materials and materials including the medium- and small-size caustic soda factories, sodium carbonate factories, ammonia factories, sheet glass factories, welded steel pipe factories, pig iron factories and steel factories in all local areas for the further development of the local industry.

The reporter also referred to the tasks of the trade union organizations to build more new refrigerating factories, fruit- and vegetable-processing factories and meat- and fish-processing factories in each county through an energetic mass movement and more vigorously wage a movement for helping in the implementation of the line of introducing bus service and water service in the countryside and to build dwellings for 100,000 families in towns and for 150,000-200,000 families in the countryside every year and further develop the work of public health.

Then the reporter pointed to the tasks of the trade union organizations for carrying out the programmatic task put forth by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, at the Fifth Congress of the Party, the tasks of bringing socialist, national culture into full efflorescence and developing it on a sound basis by continually pushing ahead with vigor the cultural revolution.

The reporter also dwelt on the weighty task facing the GFTUK in increasing the defence capability.

The reporter stressed:

We must honour the assignments for the first two years of the Six-Year Plan before April 15 next year and fulfil the whole Six-Year Plan more than two years ahead of schedule by giving still fuller play to the revolutionary zeal of the working class and its creative ingenuity and leading it to fully display mass heroism and thus once again demonstrate the might of Chollima Korea to the whole world.

In the third part of the report, he referred to the tasks for strengthening the trade union work.

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, founded a theory and lines on the revolutionary trade union construction in our country, thereby leading our GFTUK along the one road of victory at each stage of the development of the revolution, the reporter pointed out.

He said:

The respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, taught:

"In socialist society, with the working class in power, the principal duty of trade unions is to arm all the workers, technicians and office employees firmly with the Party's ideology, with communist ideology, so that they may participate, like the masters that they are, in the construction and economic management of socialism."

Under socialism the trade unions should not conduct their work by the administrative and practical methods as in the period of capitalism in which the working class was not in power or in the early period of the triumph of revolution when there remained in existence such capitalist remnants as the one-man responsibility system in the domain of economic management.

In socialist society the trade unions are confronted with the task to educate the working class and the trade union members and firmly rally them around the Party, the vanguard detachment of the working class, and their power and to vigorously organize and mobilize them to the struggle for implementing the lines and policies of the Party and thus contribute to occupying both the ideological and material fortresses of socialism and communism.

The idea and theory on the character and duty of trade unions in socialist society propounded by the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, comprehensively developed the Marxist-Leninist theory on the trade union construction and newly enriched the treasure-house of Marxism-Leninism.

Today the GFTUK embracing more than 2,400,000 members has grown and developed into a reliable revolutionary working-class organization of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, which is capable of successfully carrying out any arduous and complex tasks given by the Leader.

To thoroughly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party within the trade unions is the fundamental principle of Marxist-Leninist trade union construction and the decisive guarantee for increasing the militancy of the trade unions, the reporter declared. He referred in detail to the tasks for this.

What is most important in the work of establishing the unitary ideological system of the Party is to thoroughly arm the trade union members with the great revolutionary idea, the Marxist-Leninist *Juche* idea, of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the reporter stressed.

To thoroughly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party among the trade union members, we should more firmly arm them with the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party established by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, during the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, the reporter pointed out.

It is a weighty task which must be carried out without fail during the transition period from capitalism to socialism to give priority to the ideological revolution and tirelessly conduct the work of revolutionizing all the working people and realize the working-classization of the whole society, he said. Then the reporter dwelt on the tasks raised for this.

He laid stress on enhancing in every way the militancy of the trade union organizations.

Saying that it is a decisive guarantee for the development of the trade union work to remain faithful to the leadership of the Party, the reporter stressed:

In future, too, the trade union organizations should thoroughly establish the traits of faithfully receiving the guidance of the Party organization, reporting in time to the Party about their work and organizing and conducting all their work along the direction indicated by the Party.

Saying that the GFTUK should constantly deepen and develop the Chollima workteam movement to successfully fulfil its basic duty, the reporter pointed to the tasks for this.

In the fourth part of the report the reporter gave detailed accounts of the tasks for intensifying the struggle for the attainment of the independent reunification of the country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, taught:

"To reunify the divided fatherland is the greatest national task for the entire Korean people at the present stage and the most pressing task the solution of which brooks not a moment's delay."

The reporter continued.

The entire Korean people have waged a vigorous struggle, upholding the just policies on the south Korean revolution and the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland advanced by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, at the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea. As a result, the situation of the country is developing more and more in our favour.

Thanks to the rapid, successful progress of socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic the revolutionary base for national reunification has been consolidated as never before and the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists in south Korea is faced with a serious crisis.

The policy on the south Korean revolution and national reunification put forth by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, at the Fifth Congress of the WPK, the policy advanced by him in his August 6 speech and the 8-point programme for peaceful reunification advanced last spring by the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have won the absolute support of the south Korean people; they are powerfully encouraging them to the struggle for the peaceful reunification of the country.

The talks now going on between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea are a fruition of the correct policies of our Party and Government for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country and a product of the struggle of the people of north and south Korea for the effectuation of north-south contact and interchange.

Thanks to the correct foreign policy mapped out by the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, to the wise guidance of the Leader and to the struggle of our people and the world revolutionary people, the international environments of our revolution are becoming all the more favourable and the international solidarity with our people's struggle for national reunification is also increasing, he noted, and continued:

Particularly, in his famous, historic August 6 speech Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, laid bare with a scientific penetration the declining position of the U.S. imperialists and their crafty machination to find an outlet from it and advanced the revolutionary programme of struggle to cope with it and thus greatly encouraged the people in their anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and dealt a powerful blow at the U.S. imperialists and their minions.

As all facts show, the scientific analysis made by the Leader in his August 6 speech and the revolutionary policies advanced by him in it had great effect on the development of international events in favour of the fighting people and imbued the people with firm conviction of victory.

Today the U.S. imperialists, the main target in the struggle of the Korean people for national reunification, are facing a more serious crisis internally and externally.

The recent restoration of the legitimate position of the People's Republic of China in the United Nations shows that the might of the People's Republic of China is growing and her international prestige is rising and it proves that the days have gone when the U.S. imperialists could act as they please in the international arena.

The Japanese militarists running wild to realize their ambition for overseas aggression, tailing after the U.S. imperialists, have been driven to bay, the reporter noted, and continued:

The struggle of the peoples of Asia and the rest of the world against the aggressive policy of the Japanese militarists has become an international trend and it is being waged forcefully.

The crisis of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists has made the position of their puppets more miserable. Clear proof of this is the lot of the Chiang Kai-shek clique who find themselves in a political garbage bin forsaken by history.

The Pak Jung Hi clique seeing their future in the lot of the Chiang Kai-shek clique are seized with uneasiness and horror.

The situation is now developing in favour of our people for the peaceful reunification of the country, and to the disadvantage of the U.S. imperialists and their puppets in south Korea.

At the Third Plenum of the Fifth Central Committee of the Party held some time ago Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, made a profound analysis of the trends of the present international situation developing in favour of our revolution and advanced the action programme of the Party for the peaceful reunification of the country.

The policy put forth by the Leader for the promotion of the peaceful reunification of the fatherland is a most revolutionary and a most correct, scientific one under the present situation.

The reporter went on to say:

The most important task facing us today for the attainment of the independent reunification of the country is to strengthen the three major forces of revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"Three kinds of revolutionary forces should be well prepared in order to achieve the victory of our revolution: first, the revolutionary forces of north Korea; second, the revolutionary forces of south Korea; and third, the international revolutionary forces."

As the Leader taught, the historic cause of national reunification will be accomplished when these three revolutionary forces are prepared and combined well.

To consolidate our revolutionary base still more politically, economically and militarily by promoting socialist construction is the prime task facing the working class of the northern half of the Republic for the accomplishment of national reunification.

While cementing the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic, we should actively support and encourage the struggle of the south Korean working class and people for freedom and liberation and continuously strengthen the revolutionary force in south Korea.

The south Korean revolutionary force is the undertaker of the south Korean revolution and, at the same time, it, together with the revolutionary force in the northern half of the Republic, forms the internal force in achieving the reunification of the fatherland.

Only when the south Korean revolutionary force is strengthened is it possible to beat back in time the counter-revolutionary offensive of the enemy and, further, achieve the freedom and liberation of the south Korean people and successfully attain the independent reunification of the fatherland.

The south Korean working-class movement holds an important place in strengthening the revolutionary force in south Korea.

It is a historic victory that the south Korean revolutionaries and people founded the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the general staff in the south Korean revolution and the vanguard detachment of the working class, through their bloody struggle, the reporter stressed.

Noting that the most pressing fighting task facing the south Korean working class at present is to oppose the fascist tyranny of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their lackeys, and win democratic freedom and rights, the reporter emphasized:

Much frightened by the fact that the foothold of their rule is shaking to its very foundation, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique proclaimed a so-called "state of emergency" throughout south Korea on December 6 and are barbarously suppressing all activities of the south Korean people which go even slightly against their grain.

This is a criminal act designed to put down the rising trend for peaceful reunification in south Korea, further reinforce the military fascist dictatorship there and speed up war provocation.

The south Korean working class should resolutely struggle in demand of immediate withdrawal of the "state of emergency" and fight to win freedom of speech, the press, assembly, association, demonstration, strike and thought and other democratic rights.

Now the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are continuously stepping up the new war provocation manoeuvres with frenzy.

The Pak Jung Hi puppet clique agreed to opening the talks between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea under pressure of the people, but they are preventing their successful progress, persistently employing the delaying tactics at the preliminary talks.

Recently they, making a false propaganda about a so-called "southward aggression in winter," staged large-scale military exercises in the central area along the Military Demarcation Line with the mobilization of a large number of puppet troops, raising a war whoop.

At a time when our side once again advanced new reasonable proposals for the peaceful reunification of the country including the realisation of north-south contacts and negotiations and when the preliminary talks are going on between the Red Cross organizations of north and south Korea, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are intensifying the suppression of the south Korean people and kicking up a powder-reeking racket. This shows that having been driven into an extreme crisis, the beasts are resorting to a reckless war gamble.

The south Korean working class should rise up as one together with all the patriotic and democratic forces of south Korea and struggle to check and frustrate the new war provocation manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

In order to win the nation-wide victory of our revolution and achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland, it is essential to chase the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea and check and frustrate the renewed invasion of the Japanese militarists who are creeping into south Korea in conspiracy and collusion with the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors must pull out of south Korea and the UN Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea, a dirty tool for justifying the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea, must be dissolved at the earliest date.

The south Korean working class and people should wage a nation-wide struggle to smash the renewed invasion of the Japanese militarists and abrogate the "south Korea-Japan treaty" which serves as a bridge for the Japanese militarist aggression.

The south Korean working class, hand in hand with the people, should resolutely fight to check the traitorous crimes of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and liquidate their military fascist dictatorship, while struggling against U.S. and Japanese aggressors.

The GFTUK and the working class in the northern half of the Republic will as ever actively support and encourage with might and main the just struggle of the south Korean working class to free itself from the exploitation by foreign monopoly capital and comprador capital and achieve national liberation and the reunification of the fatherland.

Then the reporter, in the name of the Congress and the entire working class of the Republic, extended warm congratulations to the compatriots in Japan who are valiantly fighting to defend their legitimate rights and achieve the reunification of their homeland, upholding the banner of the *Juche* idea of the great Leader and expressed warm compatriotic support and encouragement to them.

The reporter went on:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, taught:

"Cemented solidarity with the international revolutionary forces is one of the important factors at present in forcing the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of south Korea, accomplishing the national-liberation revolution, dispelling the tension in Korea and in achieving the peaceful reunification of our country."

As the Leader taught, the more support for and sympathy with our revolutionary cause we enjoy by strengthening solidarity with the world revolutionary forces, the further the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and their lackeys will be isolated and the more favourable international circumstances be created for the development of our revolution.

We should make all our efforts for the growth of the international revolutionary forces and for the strengthening of solidarity with them along the line put forth by the Party.

Holding high the banner of proletarian internationalism, we will unite with the working class of all countries of the world, unite with the fighting peoples and unite with the progressive people of the world and fight shoulder to shoulder with them.

Especially, we will strengthen solidarity with the working class and people of other sections in the Asian revolutionary countries, fighting countries and vigorously wage a joint struggle against the U.S. and Japanese aggressors.

Today Asia has become the main arena of the anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle, where the life line of imperialism is being broken.

Today the new aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists and Japanese militarists have led the peoples of the Asian revolutionary countries to further strengthen their solidarity.

When the working class and peoples of Korea, China, Japan, Viet Nam, Cambodia, Laos and other Asian countries firmly unite and vigorously unfold a joint struggle, the machinations of the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists for aggression and war provocation will be successfully smashed.

We will staunchly fight for peace, national independence, democracy and socialism, uniting with the peoples of the fraternal socialist countries, uniting with the Palestinian and other Arab peoples opposing the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors and uniting with the peoples of Africa and Latin America and the peoples of the capitalist countries.

Ever-victorious is the revolutionary cause of the Korean people forging ahead in firm unity with the world revolutionary forces.

In conclusion the reporter declared: Only victory and glory are always in store for us as long as there is the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist of our times and the great Leader of the revolution, who steadfastly leads our revolution along the one road of victory and his immortal *Juche* idea is illumining the road ahead of us as brightly as a light-house.

Delegation of DPRK Red Cross Society Puts Forward New Proposal on Agenda of Full-Dress Talks and Urges South Korean Side to Accept It

At 12th Sitting of Preliminary Talks

The north and south Korean Red Cross organizations started the 12th sitting of the preliminary talks in the conference room of the Neutral Nations Supervisory Commission at Panmunjom at 11:00 a.m. on December 10, drawing the attention of the whole nation.

At the sitting, the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea reviewed the whole proceeding of the discussions of the question of agenda-items for the full-dress talks and, motivated by a sincere desire to alleviate as early as possible the sufferings of the fellow countrymen caused by the division of the country and actively contribute to laying a stepping-stone for national reunification, the supreme aspiration of the nation, it solemnly put forward the following new proposal on the agenda of the full-dress talks with a view to breaking the deadlock in the question of the agenda of the full-dress talks and facilitating the progress of the talks:

1. The Question of Searching for the Families and Relatives Torn Apart in the North and the South and Effecting Free Visits and Postal Exchange between Them;
2. The Question of Reuniting Families Torn Apart in the North and the South According to Their Free Will;
3. Other Question to Be Solved in a Humanitarian Way.

The new proposal of our side on the agenda of the full-dress talks was advanced with adequate consideration for the ardent desire of all the fellow countrymen in the north and the south and the proposal of the south Korean side, and it is a most fair and square proposal which is acceptable to anyone and a positive proposal which is conducive to breaking the stalemate in the talks and expediting the progress of the talks.

Making a new proposal on the agenda of the full-dress talks, head of the delegation of our side Kim Tae Hui pointed in detail to the fact that the delegation of the Red Cross Society of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea put forward a most reasonable proposal on the agenda of the full-dress talks out of an eager desire to lessen at the earliest possible date the tribulations of our fellow countrymen caused by the territorial division and has exerted all sincere efforts to reach a satisfactory agreement.

The current talks between the north and south Korean Red Cross organizations, though convened with the aim of solving humanitarian questions, have a great significance in removing the freeze between the north and the south, creating a favourable atmosphere and in paving the way for the national reunification which our people unanimously aspire after, he stressed, and continued: The agenda of the full-dress talks explicitly suggested by our side already at the first sitting of the preliminary talks is a most correct and reasonable one which renders it possible to extensively and quickly mitigate the sufferings our nation is undergoing owing to the split and which helps towards achieving the independent, peaceful reunification of the fatherland.

Recalling that the south Korean side insisted on search for the families from the outset and its "amendment," too, envisaged, in essence, only this question, he declared: Search for the families may help alleviate the sufferings of the divided families in the north and the south to a certain degree. But it alone cannot lessen all the tribulations of the whole nation caused by the territorial partition. What is more, the proposal of the south Korean side excludes free travel, and so it cannot practically realize the desire of the fellow countrymen for travel between the north and the south and cannot contribute to the reunification of the country.

Had the south Korean side fully and deeply understood the fair and reasonable proposal of our side conforming to the objectives of the talks and had the south Korean side done its utmost to respond to the lofty humanitarianism and warm compatriotism reflected in the proposal of ours in the spirit of cooperation and unity, our talks would have made further progress and yielded fine fruits, head of the delegation of our side Kim Tae Hui emphasized.

Recalling that the entire fellow countrymen of the north and the south call for the progress of the talks, not marking time, and hope to see the talks proceed along the way to success, breaking the deadlock, he pointed out in courteous terms: The new proposal put forward by our side is aimed at preventing further delay in the discussion of the agenda for the full-dress talks and smoothly solving the controversial problems between the two sides in the spirit of mutual cooperation.

Explaining the new proposal of our side, he stressed: Particularly, the question of realizing free travel between the north and the south will help rejoin the blood veins of the nation that have been severed for 26 years, effect contacts and interchange, create an atmosphere of understanding and trust, remove the freeze between the north and the south and pave the way for reunification. The question of the friends torn apart in the north and the south is to be discussed as the third item of the new agenda, he added.

Head of the delegation Kim Tae Hui said with emphasis that the new proposal advanced by our side is one more expression of the invariable efforts of our side to extensively alleviate through the talks the sufferings of the entire people of north and south Korea caused by the split and, further, lay a solid stepping-stone for achieving the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, the greatest desire of the whole nation.

He stated: If the south Korean side has the sincerity to practically alleviate the sufferings of the people, if it wants to live up to the expectations of the people who hope for the success of the talks, it should accept our proposal without delay.

But, that day, the south Korean side, arguing that its "amendment" advanced at the 11th sitting of the preliminary talks had any validity, refused to give immediate consent to the new proposal of our side.

At the 12th sitting our side brought to full light the unreasonableness of the "amendment" of the south Korean side.

The head of the delegation of our side said: In its "amendment" the south Korean side failed to widen the scope to a due extent in defining those who should be relieved of their sufferings.

Although the south Korean side asserts that it included relatives in the object, it did so in the vague term of "the question of the relatives separated in the north and the south" and in the last item of the agenda at that, the head of the delegation of our side noted. He declared: We cannot agree to this.

The sufferings of the relatives of the same blood are, in fact, as bitter as those of the families, and they, too, are undergoing unbearable sufferings, unable to exchange even letters, far from visiting each other, he said, and went on: We should formalize the agenda in such a way as to alleviate the sufferings of the relatives equally with those of the families.

Referring to the fact that the south Korean side excluded the basic question, that is, the question of solving all matters on the principle of effecting free travel, he continued:

Under the present conditions of our country the effectuation of free visits between the kinsfolks living separated in the north and the south will help solve all the humanitarian questions, not to speak of the reunion of separated families, and do much in removing the freeze between the north and the south, creating an atmosphere of national reunion and trust and opening the way for reunification. We, therefore, hold that your side should include the question of free travel in the agenda.

The head of the delegation of our side said further: The "amendment" of the south Korean side does not envisage at all the question of friends who are undergoing sufferings, torn apart in the north and the south, owing to the bisection of the country. This is also unjustifiable.

Stating that the "amendment" of the south Korean side is, to all intents and purposes, no more than a repetition of its insistence on search for families, the head of the delegation of our side termed it an unreasonable one. He urged more than once the south Korean side to respond to the proposal of our side affirmatively.

But, that day, the meeting closed without reaching an agreement on the question of the agenda, as the south Korean side said it needed to study the matter.

It was agreed that the 13th sitting of the preliminary talks be held on December 17.

The 13th Anniversary of the Republic of Upper Volta

December 11 marks the 13th anniversary of the proclamation of the Republic of Upper Volta.

On this occasion, the Korean people extend warm congratulations to the friendly people of Upper Volta.

The proclamation of the Republic of Upper Volta in 1958 was an event of great significance in the struggle of its people for the creation of a new life.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, taught:

"Only when a nation builds an independent national economy can it secure political independence, make its country rich, strong and advanced, and achieve national prosperity." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 537.)

Since the proclamation of the Republic the people of Upper Volta have scored great successes in the fulfilment of the five-year and four-year plans designed to eliminate the evil consequences caused by the colonial rule, build national economy and develop national culture.

The output of cotton grew 10 times in 1970 as against 1960, and ginning factories and many other plants were built.

The Korean people heartily rejoice over the successes attained by the people of Upper Volta in their struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for the building of an independent, sovereign state.

Today the people of Upper Volta give active support to the peoples of colonies and dependent countries in their fight against imperialism and colonialism and for the national independence and national liberation.

Korea and Upper Volta, though thousands of miles away from each other, are closely linked together for the community of their past situation and their common purpose of building independent, sovereign states at present.

The people of Upper Volta positively support the struggle our people are waging for the independent reunification of the country and the complete victory of socialism under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people. This is an inspiration to the just cause of our people.

The Korean people will, in future, too, exert every possible effort for the friendship and solidarity with the people of Upper Volta.

Our people wish them fresh successes in their struggle for the consolidation of national independence and the prosperity of the country.

Eighth Anniversary of Kenya's Independence

The eighth anniversary of independence of Kenya falls on December 12.

On this occasion the Korean people send warm felicitations to the Kenyan people.

The independence of Kenya in 1963 gave a telling blow to the British colonialists.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the entire Korean people, pointed out as follows:

"...Many African countries have set out in building a new life, emancipated from imperialist yoke. The colonial ruling system of imperialism is collapsing beyond control on the African continent." ("Answers to the Questions Raised by Foreign Journalists," p. 77.)

The industrious Kenyan people have scored many successes since independence in their struggle for consolidating independence and ensuring the independent development of the country.

The government confiscated the lands of the colonialists, nationalized enterprises and built new factories.

The Kenyan people who started to carry out a new five-year plan last year after finishing the six-year plan, have now made a big stride forward in the development of industry and agriculture.

The national education has also made progress.

All these successes owe to the tireless efforts of the Kenyan people for the country's independent development against imperialism and colonialism.

Our people sincerely rejoice over the achievements the Kenyan people have made since independence.

The Korean people wish the Kenyan people greater success in the struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for the prosperity and development of the country.

Friendship Visits

★ The delegation of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences headed by Academician and Doctor Szigeti Gyorgy, Member of the Standing Committee of the Hungarian Academy of Sciences and Director of the Physics and Engineering Institute, which had visited our country at the invitation of the Academy of Engineering of the DPRK, left here on December 1 by plane.

★ The Iraqi soccer team, which had participated in the elimination football match of the third group in the Asian region for the 20th Olympics, left here on December 1 by air.

★ International referees Yoshiyuki Yamaguchi, Masatoshi Nakashima and Kazuo Yasuda, who refereed the second match between the soccer teams of our country and Iraq for the elimination contest of the third group in the Asian region for the 20th Olympics, left here on December 1 by plane.

★ The delegation of the Japan-Korea Association headed by Tadashi Seki, Representative Director of the Gifu Prefectural Federation of the Japan-Korea Association and Chief Secretary of the Gifu Prefectural Council for Helping in the Repatriation of Koreans, left here on December 1 by plane.

★ A delegation of the USSR Supreme Soviet headed by Comrade SH. R. Rashidov, Deputy to the Soviet of Nationalities of the USSR, Member of the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Uzbekistan Communist Party, arrived in Pyongyang on December 6 by air for a friendship visit to our country at the invitation of the Supreme People's Assembly.

★ A Chinese scientific and technical cooperation delegation headed by Sun Hsiao-feng, Vice-Minister of Fuel and Chemical Industries of the People's Republic of China, arrived in Pyongyang on December 7 by train to attend the 12th meeting of the Korea-China Scientific and Technical Cooperation Committee.

★ A delegation of the State T.V. and Radio Broadcasting Committee under the Council of Ministers of the USSR headed by A.A. Lapokhin, its Vice-Chairman, arrived in Pyongyang on December 8 by plane for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee.

★ A Soviet delegation of scientific and technical cooperation headed by Vice-Minister of Geology V.A. Yarmolyuk, Chairman of the Sub-Committee of the Soviet side to the Standing Sub-Committee for Scientific and Technical Cooperation of the Inter-Governmental Economic and Scientific-Technical Consultative Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Soviet Union, which had visited our country to attend the 5th meeting of the standing sub-committee left Pyongyang on the morning of December 9 by air.

★ A Soviet acrobatic troupe which had visited our country under the 1971 plan for cultural exchange between Korea and the Soviet Union left Pyongyang on December 9 by plane.

GFTUK Congress Held

(Continued from Page 1)

for a photograph together with all the attendants of the Congress.

Chairman Ryom Tae Jun of the GFTUK Central Committee delivered a report on the first agenda item and Chairman Kim In Sun of the GFTUK Central Auditing Commission, on the second item.

Many delegates participated in the discussion of the first item.

The speakers pointed out that the Fifth GFTUK Congress is a historic Congress of weighty significance in demonstrating to the whole world the overall victory of the great *Juche* idea of the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, in the union movement and rousing the entire union members to an energetic struggle for putting into practice the decisions of the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

They said that it is an immeasurable honour and happiness for them to hold the Congress in the presence of the Leader, who founded the GFTUK and has led our working class and union members straight along the road of victory and glory, and that they are filled with boundless adoration of the Leader and intense loyalty to him.

It was not until the days of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle organized and unfolded under the uplifted banner of the *Juche* idea that our working-class movement had the *Juche*-oriented guiding theory and scientific strategy and tactics and traversed a proud road of victory by overcoming the essential defects manifested in itself and all kinds of Rightist and Leftist deviations, the speakers declared.

They referred to the fact that the great Leader not only founded the GFTUK but also clearly indicated its tasks and the orientations for its activities in each period and each stage of the development of the revolution so that it might fully discharge its duties and has led it dynamically to their successful fulfilment.

The speakers expressed their full support and approval to the report on the work of the GFTUK Central Committee, in which the achievements made in the work of the GFTUK during the period under review were summed up and the militant tasks were set forth for the GFTUK in translating into reality the grand programme advanced by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea. They emphasized that all the resplendent victories and successes made so far in the building of trade unions and in their work owe exclusively to the wise leadership of the Leader and that these are the brilliant fruition of the Marxist-Leninist *Juche* idea and his unique thought and theory that embodies it in the union work.

They said in an emphatic tone that the ever-victorious *Juche* idea would have to be embodied still more thoroughly in all realms of union work under the uplifted revolutionary banner of that great idea in order to carry successfully into practice the grand programme for socialist and communist construction put forward by the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea and the task of strengthening and developing the union work on to a higher plane and win fresh victory.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"The trade unions are, first of all, schools of communist education for the working class. ...

"In socialist society, with the working class in power, the principal duty of trade unions is to arm all the workers, technicians and office employees firmly with the Party's ideology, with communist ideology, so that they may participate, like the masters that they are, in the construction and economic management of socialism."

The speakers were unanimous in stressing that it is the most important matter for all the trade unions to steadfastly establish the unitary ideological system of the Party among their members and the working class and revolutionize them so as to prepare them firmly as the bodyguards, the death-defying corps, which do not waver in the least under any circumstance but safeguard with single-hearted devotion the Leader politically and ideologically at the risk of their lives and unconditionally carry out his teachings to the end and that it is also most important to build up trade unions into the revolutionary and militant organizations infinitely faithful to the leadership of the Leader.

The speakers evinced their firm resolve to give still fuller play to the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, continuously intensify and develop the Chollima workteam movement, vigorously carry out the technical revolution, especially the three major tasks of the technical revolution set forth by the Fifth Party Congress, push ahead with the cultural revolution, and bring about new innovations and great strides in all domains of socialist construction and fulfil the first two-year assignments of the Six-Year Plan before April 15 next year without fail and thus repay the profound solicitude and deep trust of the Leader with loyalty.

The speakers said that for the acceleration of national reunification, the supreme task of our nation, and the nation-wide victory of our revolution, the entire working class and the union members would consolidate the revolutionary base of the northern half of the Republic as firm as a rock, give active support and encouragement to the struggle of the south Korean people for freedom and liberation and against U.S. imperialism, Japanese militarism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and further strengthen the militant solidarity with the working class and the revolutionary peoples in Asia and the rest of the world.

Comrade Kim Gi Jun, head of the south Korean workers' delegation, made a speech.

He informed the attendants in detail of the struggle of the south Korean revolutionaries and the working class who are fighting gallantly against the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, for the earlier accomplishment of the cause of the south Korean revolution and national reunification, upholding the immortal *Juche* idea of the great Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung. And he evinced the adamant resolve of the south Korean revolutionaries and the people to fight to hasten the day of reunification when the south Korean people would also lead a happy life in the bosom of the fatherly Leader.

When he, reflecting the unanimous feeling of allegiance of the south Korean working class and the people, shouted at the top of his voice "Long live Premier Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation!" the meeting hall shook with rousing cheers and shouts of *manse*.

Comrade Kang Sung Su, head of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan, also spoke.

Reflecting the unanimous aspiration and the feeling of allegiance of the 600,000 Korean residents in Japan, he extended the greatest honour and gratitude to the respected and beloved Leader, Comrade Kim Il Sung, and sincerely wished him good health and a long life. The meeting hall shook again with thunderous applause and rousing cheers.

The attendants of the Congress extended full support and encouragement to the Korean citizens in Japan who are fighting bravely to defend all democratic national rights and bring earlier independent national reunification, resolutely smashing brutal suppression and persecution by the reactionary Sato government.

After concluding his speech, the head of the congratulatory group conveyed to Chairman Ryom Tae Jun of the GFTUK Central Committee a silk banner sent by the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) to the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK.

Congratulatory groups of the Korean Young Pioneers and the Union of Agricultural Working People of Korea entered the meeting hall and read out their congratulatory messages to the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK.

Also read out at the Congress amid the warm applause of the attendants were telegrams of congratulations to the Fifth GFTUK Congress from international trade union organizations including the World Federation of Trade Unions, from trade unions of various countries of the world, from groups for study of works of Comrade Kim Il Sung and from the Chongryon and the organizations under it.

In the name of the Congress Vice-Chairman Kim Jong Suk of the GFTUK Central Committee expressed sincere gratitude to all these organizations for their congratulatory messages.

At the Congress, the decision on the first agenda item "On the Result of the Work of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea," and the decision on approving the report of the Credentials Committee of the Fifth Congress of the GFTUK were unanimously adopted.

The Congress discussed the proposal of the GFTUK Central Committee for amending and supplementing part of the Rules of the GFTUK and unanimously adopted relevant decisions.

Amid the enthusiastic ovation and thunderous applause, a message of pledge addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the entire Korean people, was adopted at the Congress.

Amid loud applause the Congress also adopted an appeal to the south Korean workers and a letter to the Korean residents in Japan.

The elections of the central leading bodies of the GFTUK, the third agenda item, were held by secret ballots and their returns were announced.

According to the announcement, the candidates for the members and alternate members of the GFTUK Central Committee were elected members and alternate members of the GFTUK Central Committee with a unanimous approval.

The recommended candidates for the members of the GFTUK Central Auditing Commission were also elected members of the GFTUK Central Auditing Commission with a unanimous approval.

The first plenary meeting of the GFTUK Central Committee elected the executive committee members of the GFTUK Central Committee: Comrade Ryom Tae Jun was elected Chairman, and Comrades Kim Jong Suk, Cho Song Il, Kang Tae Ho, Ho Tae Un, Ryu Hae Yong and Chong Jae Gil Vice-Chairmen, of the GFTUK Central Committee.

At the Congress Chairman Ryom Tae Jun of the GFTUK Central Committee made a closing speech.

The Congress closed with the resounding chorus of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Indeed, the Congress was the proud congress of victors which embodied in an all-round way the great *Juche* idea in the trade union work of our country and the congress of loyalty which showed the iron will and fiery resolve of our working class and union members who are the true bodyguards and the death-defying corps members determined to defend and protect with life the Leader politically and ideologically with single-hearted devotion and unconditionally and thoroughly implement to the end the revolutionary tasks set forth by him.

Attendants of the Fifth Congress of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea

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